COURSE DESCRIPTION					
COCKCE BECOKII TICK					
Study program			Theological master program		
Module			Systematic-Historical		
Type and level of studies			Master Desire the Middle Asset		
Course name			Patriarchs of Pec in the Middle Ages		
Teacher (lectures)			Puzovic Predrag		
Teacher/Associate (exercises) Teacher/Associate (additional forms of					
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ECTS 6 Course status (obligatory/elective) elective Attendance p					
Course objectives	Acquisition of theoretical knowledge on the main aspects of life of the Patriarchate of Pec during the Middle Ages. Mastering the skills of analysis of original documents relating to that period.				
Learning outcomes	Possession of advanced academic and general education competencies in the field of the history of the Patriarchate of Pec; development of critical theological-historical consciousness and historical-theological thinking; mastering of basic methodological principles, which will serve to acquire competences for independent research in archives, libraries and other institutions.				
Course conte	nt				
Lectures Practical classes (exercises, additional forms of classes, research work)	The one-semester course will process the period from the proclamation of the Patriarchate in 1346 to the fall of the Despotate in 1459. During this time there were ten patriarchs of which Ephraim was twice on the Pec throne. The longest patriarch on the Pec throne was Patriarch Sava IV, the shortest Arsenius. Under the Empire there were two patriarchs; the others served when Serbia was a principality and a despotate. Of the ten patriarchs six were active during the Prince and Despot Stefan Lazarevic. Largest territorial spiritual jurisdiction was held by Joanikije; Arsenius held the least. All the patriarchs came to the throne after the death of their predecessor. Only once was the throne vacant by resignation. During this time Serbia had six rulers - two emperors, one prince and three despots. At the time of the first proclamation the Patriarchate Serbian state borders came close to Thessaloniki, and ahead of the fall of the Despotate – the state had been reduced only to Smederevo. Analysis of historical sources referring to this period.				
Literature	7 thatysis of historical sources reterning to this period.				
	Руварац И, О пећким патријарсима од Макарија до Арсенија III, Задар, 1988.				
	Пурковић М, Српски патријарси Средњега века, Диселдорф, Диселдорф, 1986.				
	Вуковић С, Српски јерарси од деветог до двадесетог века, Београд, Подгорица, Крагујевац, 1996.				
4	Пузовић П., Српска патријаршија, Нови Сад, 2010.				
	5 Веселиновић А, Љушић Р, Српске династије, Нови Сад, 2001.				
Number of ho					
Lectures	Exercises	forms of	Research work	Other classes	
2					
Coursework methods Verbal-textual, illustrative, demonstrative Knowledge evaluation (maximum number of points 100)					
			Final exam	Points	
Class activity			Written exam		
Practical classes		10	Oral exam	70	
Colloquia		10			
Seminars					